ON STEADY

The Bright Side of Mathematics



Real Analysis - Part 53

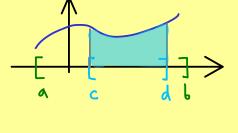
$$\mathcal{R}([a,b]) := \{ f : [a,b] \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ bounded } | f \text{ Riemann-integrable} \}$$

Property (1): map:
$$\mathcal{R}([a,b]) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$f \longmapsto \int f(x) dx$$

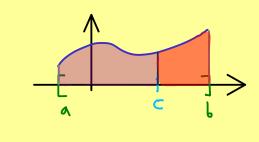
is <u>linear</u> and <u>monotonic</u>

Definition: For
$$c, d \in [a, b]$$
 with $c < d$,
$$\int_{c}^{d} f(x) dx := \int_{c}^{d} f_{c,d}(x) dx$$



Property (2): For $C \in [a, b]$, we have

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \int_{a}^{c} f(x) dx + \int_{b}^{b} f(x) dx$$



Definition: $\int_{b}^{a} f(x) dx := - \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$

Property (3):
$$f \in C([a,b]) \implies f \in \mathcal{R}([a,b])$$

$$f$$
 monotonically increasing \Longrightarrow $f \in \mathcal{R}([a,b])$